

# Synonym

IL1B,IL-1BETA,IL1F2,IL-1β

#### Source

Human IL-1 beta, Fc Tag(ILA-H525c) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Ala 117 - Ser 269 (Accession # P01584-1). Predicted N-terminus: Pro

# **Molecular Characterization**

Fc(Pro 100 - Lys 330) IL-1 beta(Ala 117 - Ser 269) P01857 P01584-1

This protein carries a human IgG1 Fc tag at the N-terminus.

The protein has a calculated MW of 43.8 kDa. The protein migrates as 50-55 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

#### Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

### **Purity**

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

>90% as determined by SEC-MALS.

#### **Formulation**

Lyophilized from 0.22  $\mu m$  filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

#### Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

### Storage

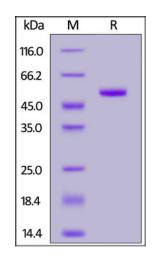
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

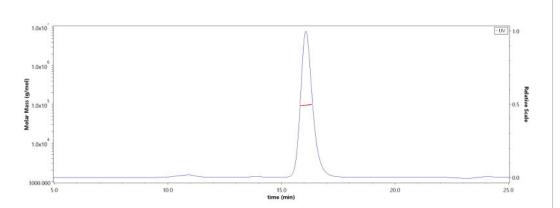
### **SDS-PAGE**



Human IL-1 beta, Fc Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

# **Bioactivity-ELISA**

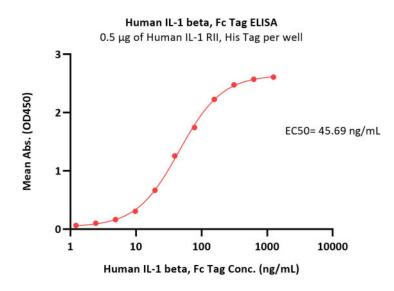
#### **SEC-MALS**



The purity of Human IL-1 beta, Fc Tag (Cat. No. ILA-H525c) is more than 90% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 90-100 kDa verified by SEC-MALS.

Report





Immobilized Human IL-1 RII, His Tag (Cat. No. IL2-H4226) at 5  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Human IL-1 beta, Fc Tag (Cat. No. ILA-H525c) with a linear range of 4.9-78 ng/mL (QC tested).

### Background

Interleukin-1 beta (IL-1β) is also known as catabolin, is a cytokine protein that in humans is encoded by the IL1B gene. IL-1β precursor is cleaved by caspase 1 (interleukin 1 beta convertase). Cytosolic thiol protease cleaves the product to form mature IL-1 beta.

IL1 $\beta$  are structurally related polypeptides that share approximately 21% amino acid (aa) identity in human. Both proteins are produced by a wide variety of cells in response to inflammatory agents, infections, or microbial endotoxins. While IL1 $\alpha$  and IL1 $\beta$  are regulated independently, they bind to the same receptor and exert identical biological effects.

IL-1β is a member of the interleukin 1 cytokine family. This cytokine is produced by activated macrophages as a proprotein, which is proteolytically processed to its active form by caspase 1 (CASP1/ICE). This cytokine is an important mediator of the inflammatory response, and is involved in a variety of cellular activities, including cell proliferation, differentiation, and apoptosis. The induction of cyclooxygenase-2 (PTGS2/COX2) by this cytokine in the central nervous system (CNS) is found to contribute to inflammatory pain hypersensitivity. This gene and eight other interleukin 1 family genes form a cytokine gene cluster on chromosome 2.

# **Clinical and Translational Updates**

