



Synonym

KITLG,FPH2,KL-1,Kitl,MGF,SCF,SF,SHEP7,KL

Source

Human SCF (26-189), premium grade(SCF-H5219) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Glu 26 - Ala 189 (Accession # [P21583-1](#)).

Predicted N-terminus: Glu 26

It is produced under our rigorous quality control system that incorporates a comprehensive set of tests including sterility and endotoxin tests. Product performance is carefully validated and tested for compatibility for cell culture use or any other applications in the early preclinical stage. When ready to transition into later clinical phases, we also offer a custom GMP protein service that tailors to your needs. We will work with you to customize and develop a GMP-grade product in accordance with your requests that also meets the requirements for raw and ancillary materials use in cell manufacturing of cell-based therapies.

Molecular Characterization

SCF(Glu 26 - Ala 189)
P21583-1

This protein carries no "tag".

The protein has a calculated MW of 18.5 kDa. The protein migrates as 30 kDa±3 kDa when calibrated against [Star Ribbon Pre-stained Protein Marker](#) under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Endotoxin

Less than 0.01 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Host Cell Protein

<0.5 ng/µg of protein tested by ELISA.

Host Cell DNA

<0.02 ng/µg of protein tested by qPCR.

Sterility

Negative

Mycoplasma

Negative.

Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

>95% as determined by SEC-MALS.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

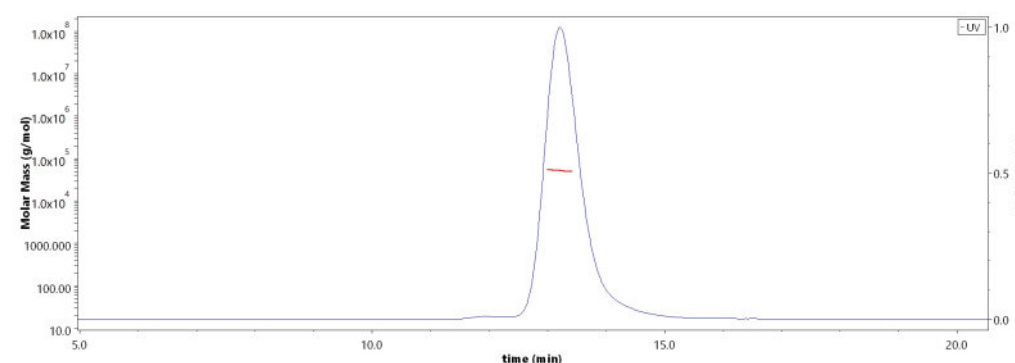
Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

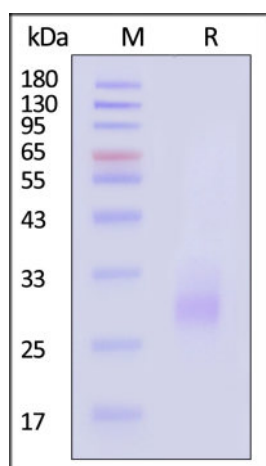
SDS-PAGE

SEC-MALS



Discounts, Gifts,
and more!





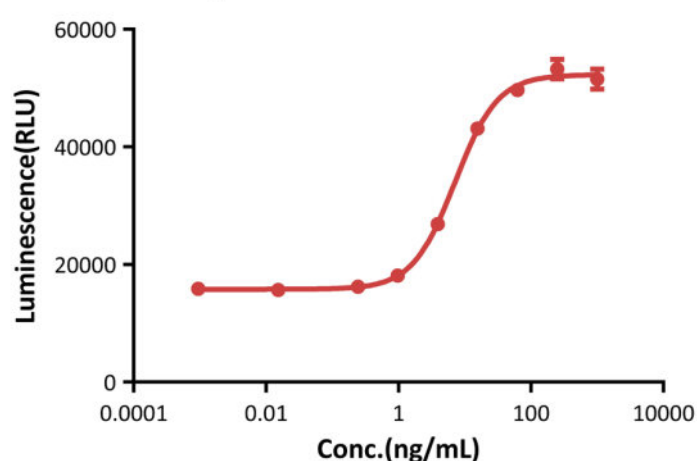
The purity of Human SCF (26-189), premium grade (Cat. No. SCF-H5219) is more than 95% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 46-56 kDa verified by SEC-MALS.

[Report](#)

Human SCF (26-189), premium grade on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95% (With [Star Ribbon Pre-stained Protein Marker](#)).

Bioactivity-Bioactivity CELL BASE

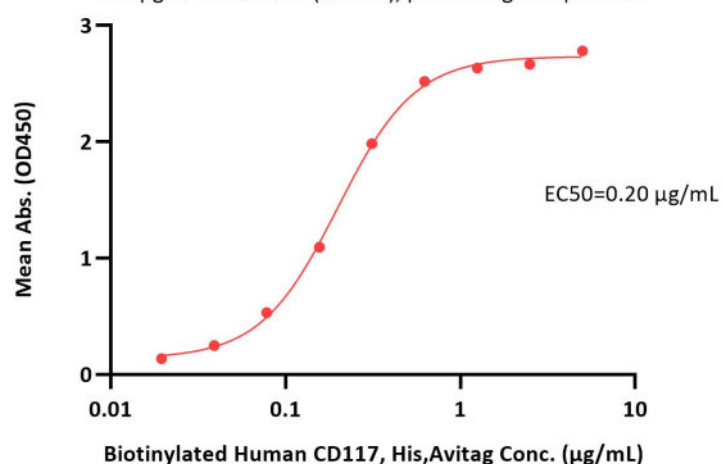
Human SCF (26-189), premium grade stimulates proliferation of Mo7e cells



Human SCF (26-189), premium grade (Cat. No. SCF-H5219) stimulates proliferation of Mo7e cells. The specific activity of Human SCF Protein, premium grade is $> 5.00 \times 10^5$ IU/mg, which is calibrated against human SCF WHO International Standard (NIBSC code: 91/682) (QC tested).

Bioactivity-ELISA

Human SCF (26-189), premium grade ELISA
0.2 µg of Human SCF (26-189), premium grade per well



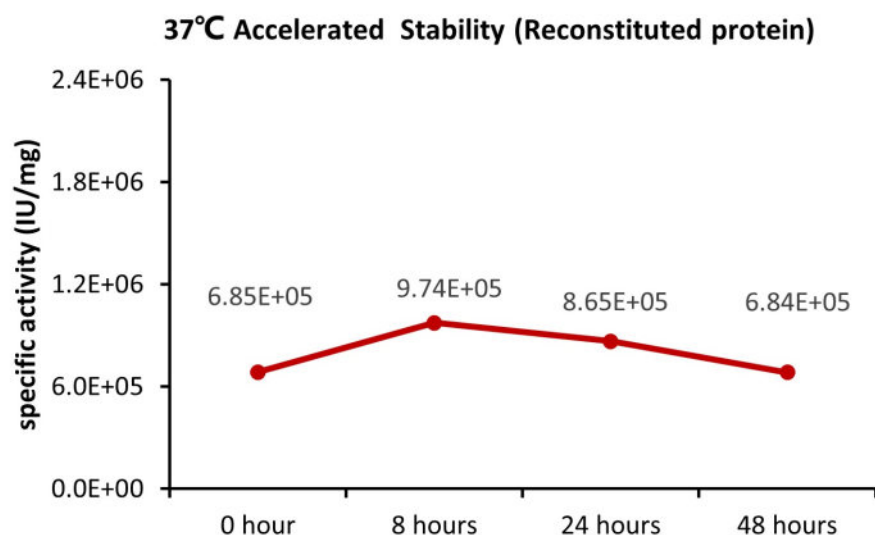
Immobilized Human SCF (26-189), premium grade (Cat. No. SCF-H5219) at 2 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Biotinylated Human CD117, His,Avitag (Cat. No. CD7-H82E6) with a linear range of 0.02-0.3 µg/mL (QC tested).

Discounts, Gifts,
and more!

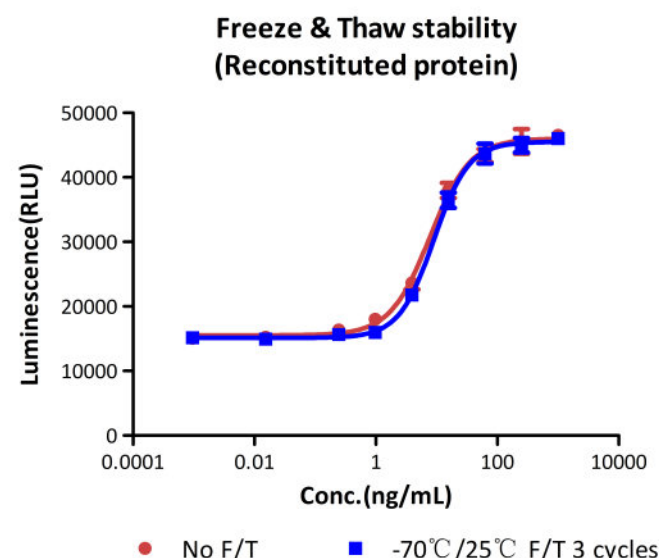




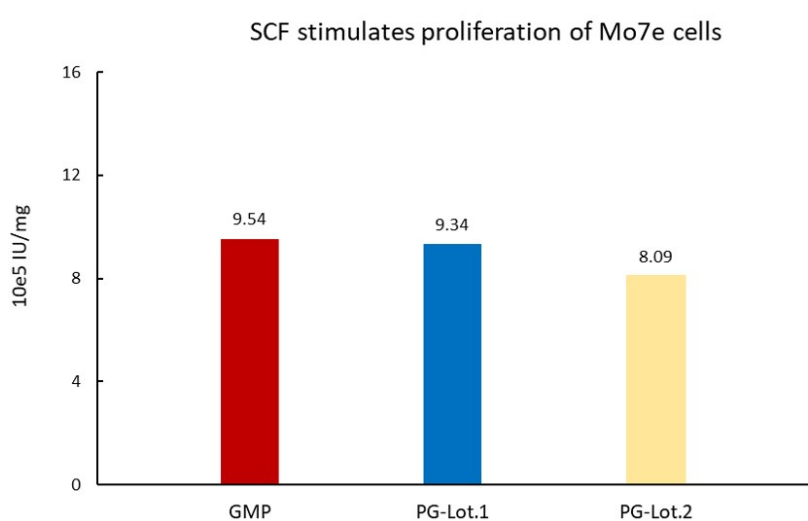
Bioactivity-Stability



The Cell based assay shows that Human SCF (26-189), premium grade (Cat. No. SCF-H5219) is stable at 37°C for 48 hours.



The Cell based assay shows that Human SCF (26-189), premium grade (Cat. No. SCF-H5219) is stable after freezing and thawing 3 times.



The Cell based assay shows batch-to-batch consistency between Acro's GMP and PG SCF.

Background

Stem Cell Factor is also known as SCF, kit-ligand, KL, steel factor, KITLG, FPH2, KL-1, Kitl, MGF, SCF, SF, or SHEP7, and is a cytokine that binds to the c-Kit receptor (CD117). SCF can exist both as a transmembrane protein and a soluble protein. This cytokine plays an important role in hematopoiesis (formation of blood cells), spermatogenesis, and melanogenesis. The soluble and transmembrane forms of the protein are formed by alternative splicing of the same R transcript. Soluble and transmembrane SCF is produced by fibroblasts and endothelial cells. Soluble SCF has a molecular weight of 18,5 KDa and forms a dimer. SCF plays an important role in the hematopoiesis during embryonic development. Sites where hematopoiesis takes place, such as the fetal liver and bone marrow, all express SCF. During development, the presence of the SCF also plays an important role in the localization of melanocytes, cells that produce melanin and control pigmentation. SCF plays a role in the regulation of HSCs in the stem cell niche in the bone marrow. SCF may be used along with other cytokines to culture HSCs and hematopoietic progenitors. The expansion of these cells ex-vivo (outside the body) would allow advances in bone-marrow transplantation, in which HSCs are transferred to a patient to re-establish blood formation.

Clinical and Translational Updates

Discounts, Gifts, and more!

